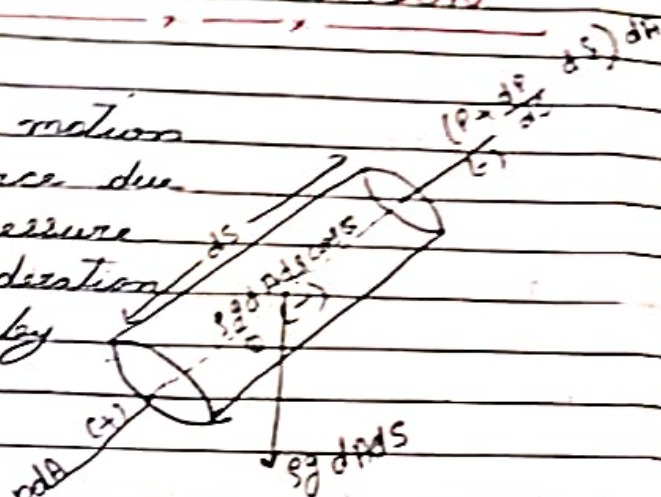


EULER'S EQUATION OF MOTION

This equation of the motion in which the force due to gravity and pressure are taken in consideration.

This is derived by considering the motion of fluid element along a stream line.



(1) Pressure force in the direction of flow = P

(2) Pressure force opposite to direction of flow = $(P + \frac{dP}{ds} ds) dA$

(3) weight of element $\rho g dA ds$

Resultant force = mass of fluid element $\times$ accel. in the direction

$$P dA - (P + \frac{dP}{ds} ds) dA - \rho g dA ds \cos \theta = \rho \cdot dA ds \times a_s$$

$$\cancel{P dA} - \cancel{P dA} - \frac{dP}{ds} ds dA - \rho g dA ds \cos \theta = \rho dA ds \times a_s$$

$$- \frac{dP}{ds} ds dA - \rho g dA ds \cos \theta = \rho dA ds \times a_s \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

a_s = Rate of change of velocity with respect to time.

$$a_s = \frac{dv}{dt}, \quad v = \frac{ds}{dt}$$

Partial differential eqⁿ.

$$\frac{dv}{ds} \cdot \frac{ds}{dt} + \frac{dv}{dt} \cdot \frac{dt}{dt}$$

$$\frac{dv}{ds} \cdot v + \frac{dv}{dt}$$

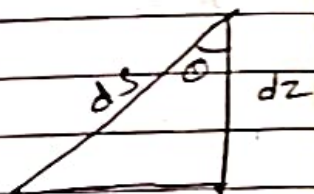
$$a_s = v \frac{dv}{ds} + \frac{dv}{dt}$$

Put all the value in eqⁿ. (1)

$$-\frac{dp}{ds} ds dA - \rho g dA ds \cos \theta = \rho dA ds \times v \cdot \frac{dv}{ds}$$

Dividing by $\rho dA ds$

$$-\frac{\partial p}{\rho \partial s} - g \cos \theta = v \frac{dv}{ds}$$



$$\frac{\partial p}{\rho \partial s} + g \cos \theta + v \frac{dv}{ds} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial p}{\rho \partial s} + g \frac{dz}{ds} + v \frac{dv}{ds} = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{ds} \left(\frac{\partial p}{\rho} + g dz + v dv \right) = 0$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\partial p}{\rho} + g dz + v dv = 0}$$

Euler's eqⁿ